

## New Graph

[3, 3, 5, 5, 1, 1], [2, 4, 6, 6, 4, 2]

$$\pi = [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]$$

POSSIBLE RANKS

$$\begin{matrix} 1 \times 6 \\ 2 \times 3 \end{matrix}$$

BASE DETERMINANT 91/512, .1777343750

*NullSpace of  $\Delta$*

{1, 2, 3, 4}, {5, 6}

Nullspace of A

[{6},{5}], [{2, 4},{1, 3}]

1 . Coloring, {}

$$\Omega p(\Delta)=0: \quad p' = s^3 \quad p = s^2 \quad p' = s^2$$

**R:** [3, 3, 5, 5, 1, 1]

**B:** [2, 4, 6, 6, 4, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
1 vs 4	1 vs 4	1 vs 4	1 vs 3	1 vs 3

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 5}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, 0, y_1, 0, y_1, 0]$$

$$p = -s + s^3 \quad p = -s + s^2$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{2, 4, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, y_1, 0, y_1, 0, y_1]$$

$$p = s - s^3 \quad p' = s - s^2$$

See 3-level graph

	M	N
0 0 1 0 1 0	0 1 2 2 2 1	
0 0 0 1 0 1	1 0 2 2 1 2	
1 0 0 0 1 0	2 2 0 0 2 2	
[ 0 1 0 0 0 1 ]	[ 2 2 0 0 2 2 ]	
1 0 1 0 0 0	2 1 2 2 0 1	
0 1 0 1 0 0	1 2 2 2 1 0	

$$\tau = 12, r' = 2/3$$

**R:** [3, 3, 5, 5, 1, 1]

**B:** [2, 4, 6, 6, 4, 2]

Ranges

Action of R on ranges, [[1], [1]]

Action of B on ranges, [[2], [2]]

Cycles: R, {{1, 3, 5}}, B, {{2, 4, 6}}

$$\beta(\{1, 3, 5\}) = 1/2$$

$$\beta(\{2, 4, 6\}) = 1/2$$

Partitions

Action of R on partitions, [[1], [1]]

Action of B on partitions, [[2], [2]]

$$\alpha(\{1, 2\}, \{5, 6\}, \{3, 4\}) = 1/2$$

$$\alpha(\{3, 4\}, \{2, 5\}, \{1, 6\}) = 1/2$$

$$b1 = \{1, 2\}, b2 = \{5, 6\}, b3 = \{3, 4\}, b4 = \{2, 5\}, b5 = \{1, 6\}$$

Action of R and B on the blocks of the partitions: = [2, 3, 1, 3, 2] [5, 3, 4, 5, 3]  
with invariant measure [1, 1, 2, 1, 1]

N by blocks, check: true . See partition graph.

See level-3 partition graph.

<b>Sandwich</b>	
<b>Coloring</b>	{ }
<b>Rank</b>	3
<b>R,B</b>	[3, 3, 5, 5, 1, 1], [2, 4, 6, 6, 4, 2]

$\Pi_2$	[0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0]
$u_2$	[1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 0, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1] (dim 1)
wpp	[2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2]
$\Pi_3$	[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
$u_3$	[1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 2, 1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 1, 2, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1]

2 . Coloring, {2}

$$\Omega p(\Delta)=0: \quad p = s^3 \quad p' = s^3$$

R: [3, 4, 5, 5, 1, 1]

B: [2, 3, 6, 6, 4, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	A+(1/2) $\Delta$	A-(1/2) $\Delta$	R	B
2 vs 4	2 vs 5	2 vs 5	2 vs 4	2 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 5}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, 0, y_1 - y_2, y_2, y_1, 0]$$

$$p = -s^2 + s^4 \quad p = -s^2 + s^3$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{2, 3, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, y_2, -y_1 + y_2, y_1, 0, y_2]$$

$$p = -s^2 + s^3 \quad p = -s^2 + s^4$$

[See 3-level graph](#)

M      N

```

0 0 1 1 2 0    0 1 2 2 2 1
0 0 1 1 0 2    1 0 2 2 1 2
1 1 0 0 1 1    2 2 0 0 2 2
[ 1 1 0 0 1 1 ] [ 2 2 0 0 2 2 ]
2 0 1 1 0 0    2 1 2 2 0 1
0 2 1 1 0 0    1 2 2 2 1 0
    
```

$\tau = 12$  ,  $r' = 2/3$

R: [3, 4, 5, 5, 1, 1]  
 B: [2, 3, 6, 6, 4, 2]

Ranges

Action of R on ranges, [[1], [1], [2], [2]]  
 Action of B on ranges, [[4], [4], [3], [3]]

Cycles: R , {{1, 3, 5}}, B , {{2, 3, 6}}

$\beta(\{1, 3, 5\}) = 1/4$   
 $\beta(\{1, 4, 5\}) = 1/4$   
 $\beta(\{2, 3, 6\}) = 1/4$   
 $\beta(\{2, 4, 6\}) = 1/4$

Partitions

Action of R on partitions, [[2], [2]]  
 Action of B on partitions, [[1], [1]]

$\alpha(\{\{3, 4\}, \{2, 5\}, \{1, 6\}\}) = 1/2$   
 $\alpha(\{\{1, 2\}, \{5, 6\}, \{3, 4\}\}) = 1/2$

$b_1 = \{1, 2\}$  ,  $b_2 = \{5, 6\}$  ,  $b_3 = \{3, 4\}$  ,  $b_4 = \{2, 5\}$  ,  $b_5 = \{1, 6\}$

Action of R and B on the blocks of the partitions: = [2, 3, 1, 3, 2] [5, 3, 4, 5, 3]  
 with invariant measure [1, 1, 2, 1, 1]

N by blocks, check: true . [See partition graph.](#)

[See level-3 partition graph.](#)

Sandwich	
Coloring	{2}
Rank	3
R,B	[3, 4, 5, 5, 1, 1], [2, 3, 6, 6, 4, 2]
$\Pi_2$	[0, 1, 1, 2, 0, 1, 1, 0, 2, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0]
$u_2$	[1, 2, 2, 2, 1, 2, 2, 1, 2, 0, 2, 2, 2, 2, 1] (dim 1)
wpp	[2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2]

$\mathbf{u}_3$	[0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0]
$\mathbf{u}_3$	[1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 2, 1, 2, 1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 1, 2, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1]

3 . Coloring, {3}

**R:** [3, 3, 6, 5, 1, 1]

**B:** [2, 4, 5, 6, 4, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	4 vs 5	5 vs 5	2 vs 4	4 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, 0, y_1, 0, y_1 - y_2, y_2]$$

$$p = -s^2 + s^4 \quad p = -s^2 + s^3$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{2, 4, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, y_4, 0, y_3, y_2, y_1]$$

4 . Coloring, {4}

**R:** [3, 3, 5, 6, 1, 1]

**B:** [2, 4, 6, 5, 4, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	2 vs 4	3 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 5}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_2, 0, y_2, 0, y_2 - y_1, y_1]$$

$$p = -s^2 + s^3 \quad p = -s^2 + s^4$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{4, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, y_1 - y_2 + y_3, 0, y_1, y_2, y_3]$$

$$p = -s^3 + s^4$$

5 . Coloring, {5}

**R:** [3, 3, 5, 5, 4, 1]

**B:** [2, 4, 6, 6, 1, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	4 vs 5	5 vs 5	3 vs 4	4 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{4, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, 0, y_1 - y_3 + y_2, y_3, y_2, 0]$$

$$p = -s^3 + s^4$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{2, 4, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_4, y_3, 0, y_1, 0, y_2]$$

6 . Coloring, {6}

**R:** [3, 3, 5, 5, 1, 2]

**B:** [2, 4, 6, 6, 4, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	2 vs 4	3 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 5}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[-y_1 + y_2, y_1, y_2, 0, y_2, 0]$$

$$p = -s^2 + s^4 \quad p' = -s^2 + s^3$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 4, 6}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_2, y_3, 0, -y_2 + y_3 + y_1, 0, y_1]$$

$$p = -s + s^2 - s^3 + s^4$$

7 . Coloring, {2, 3}

**R:** [3, 4, 6, 5, 1, 1]

**B:** [2, 3, 5, 6, 4, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	6 vs 6	6 vs 6	3 vs 5	5 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_2 + y_3, 0, y_2 + y_3 - y_1, y_1, y_2, y_3]$$

$$p = s^3 - s^4 \quad p' = -s^3 + s^4$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{2, 3, 4, 5, 6}} order: 5

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, y_5, y_4, y_2, y_3, y_1]$$

8 . Coloring, {2, 4}

**R:** [3, 4, 5, 6, 1, 1]

**B:** [2, 3, 6, 5, 4, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	6 vs 6	6 vs 6	3 vs 5	3 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 5}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_3 + y_2, 0, y_3 + y_2 - y_1, y_1, y_3, y_2]$$

$$p = -s^3 + s^5 \quad p = -s^3 + s^4$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{4, 5}, {2, 3, 6}} order: 6

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, -y_2 + 4y_1 - y_3, y_2, y_1, y_1, y_3]$$

$$p' = -s + s^4 \quad p = s - s^4$$

9 . Coloring, {2, 5}

**R:** [3, 4, 5, 5, 4, 1]

**B:** [2, 3, 6, 6, 1, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	3 vs 4	4 vs 4	3 vs 4	4 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{4, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_3, 0, y_3 - y_1 + y_2, y_1, y_2, 0]$$

$$p = -s^3 + s^4$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{2, 3, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)



$$[y_2, y_1, y_3, 0, 0, y_4]$$

10 . Coloring, {2, 6}

R: [3, 4, 5, 5, 1, 2]

B: [2, 3, 6, 6, 4, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	A+(1/2) $\Delta$	A-(1/2) $\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	3 vs 5	4 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 5}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[-y_1 + y_3, y_1, -y_2 + y_3, y_2, y_3, 0]$$

$$p = -s^3 + s^5 \quad p = -s^3 + s^4$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 3, 6}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, y_1 + y_3 + y_2 - y_4, y_3, y_2, 0, y_4]$$

$$p = -s^2 + s^3 - s^4 + s^5$$

11 . Coloring, {3, 4}

$$\Omega p(\Delta)=0: \quad p = s^2 - 4s^4$$

R: [3, 3, 6, 6, 1, 1]

B: [2, 4, 5, 5, 4, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	A+(1/2) $\Delta$	A-(1/2) $\Delta$	R	B
3 vs 4	4 vs 4	4 vs 4	1 vs 3	3 vs 3

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, 0, y_1, 0, 0, y_1]$$

$$p = -s + s^2 \quad p = -s + s^3$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{4, 5}} order: 2

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, y_1, 0, y_3, y_2, 0]$$

12 . Coloring, {3, 5}

**R:** [3, 3, 6, 5, 4, 1]

**B:** [2, 4, 5, 6, 1, 2]

[See graph](#)[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
4 vs 4	6 vs 6	6 vs 6	3 vs 5	3 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{4, 5}, {1, 3, 6}} order: 6

[See Matrix](#)

$$[-y_1 + 4y_2 - y_3, 0, y_1, y_2, y_2, y_3]$$

$$p' = s - s^4 \quad p = s - s^4$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{2, 4, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, y_1 + y_3, 0, y_1 + y_3 - y_2, y_2, y_3]$$

$$p' = s^3 - s^4 \quad p = s^3 - s^5$$

13 . Coloring, {3, 6}

**R:** [3, 3, 6, 5, 1, 2]

**B:** [2, 4, 5, 6, 4, 1]

[See graph](#)[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	6 vs 6	6 vs 6	3 vs 5	4 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles:  $\{\{2, 3, 6\}\}$  order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[-y_1 + y_2 + y_3, y_1, y_2 + y_3, 0, y_2, y_3]$$

$$p = -s^3 + s^4 \quad p = -s^3 + s^5$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles:  $\{\{1, 2, 4, 6\}\}$  order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1 - y_2 + y_3 + y_4, y_1, 0, y_2, y_3, y_4]$$

$$p = -s^2 + s^3 - s^4 + s^5$$

14 . Coloring,  $\{4, 5\}$

**R:** [3, 3, 5, 6, 4, 1]

**B:** [2, 4, 6, 5, 1, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	6 vs 6	6 vs 6	5 vs 5	4 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles:  $\{\{1, 3, 4, 5, 6\}\}$  order: 5

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_5, 0, y_4, y_3, y_1, y_2]$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles:  $\{\{1, 2, 4, 5\}\}$  order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1 - y_2 + y_3 - y_4, y_1, 0, y_2, y_3, y_4]$$

$$p = -s^2 + s^3 - s^4 + s^5$$

15 . Coloring, {4, 6}

**R:** [3, 3, 5, 6, 1, 2]

**B:** [2, 4, 6, 5, 4, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
4 vs 4	6 vs 6	6 vs 6	3 vs 5	4 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 5}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, -y_1 + y_3 + y_2, y_3 + y_2, 0, y_3, y_2]$$

$$p' = s^3 - s^4 \quad p = s^3 - s^5$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{4, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1 - y_4 + y_2 + y_3, y_1, 0, y_4, y_2, y_3]$$

$$p = -s^4 + s^5$$

16 . Coloring, {5, 6}

$$\Omega p(\Delta)=0: \quad p = s^2 - 4s^4$$

**R:** [3, 3, 5, 5, 4, 2]

**B:** [2, 4, 6, 6, 1, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
3 vs 4	4 vs 4	4 vs 4	3 vs 4	3 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{4, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, y_1, y_2, y_3, -y_1 + y_2 + y_3, 0]$$

$$p = -s^3 + s^4$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 4, 6}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_3, y_2, 0, -y_3 + y_2 + y_1, 0, y_1]$$

$$p = -s + s^2 - s^3 + s^4$$

17 . Coloring, {2, 3, 4}

**R:** [3, 4, 6, 6, 1, 1]

**B:** [2, 3, 5, 5, 4, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
4 vs 4	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	2 vs 4	4 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_2, 0, -y_1 + y_2, y_1, 0, y_2]$$

$$p = s^2 - s^4 \quad p' = s^2 - s^3$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{4, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, y_4, y_3, y_2, y_1, 0]$$

18 . Coloring, {2, 3, 5}

$$\Omega p(\Delta)=0: \quad p = s + 3s^2 + 4s^3 + 4s^4$$

**R:** [3, 4, 6, 5, 4, 1]

**B:** [2, 3, 5, 6, 1, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
3 vs 4	4 vs 5	4 vs 5	2 vs 5	4 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{4, 5}, {1, 3, 6}} order: 6

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_2, 0, y_2, 3y_2 - y_1, y_1, y_2]$$

$$p = s - s^5 \quad p' = s^2 - s^4 \quad p'' = -s + s^3$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 3, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_4 - y_3 + y_2 - y_1, y_4, y_3, 0, y_2, y_1]$$

$$p = s^2 - s^3 + s^4 - s^5$$

	M		N	
	0	1	0	1
	1	0	1	0
	0	1	0	1
[	1	0	1	0
]	0	1	0	1
	1	0	1	0
	0	1	0	1

$\tau = 18, r' = 1/2$

R: [3, 4, 6, 5, 4, 1]  
 B: [2, 3, 5, 6, 1, 2]

Ranges

Action of R on ranges, [[6], [7], [6], [8], [2], [9], [8], [3], [2]]  
 Action of B on ranges, [[4], [5], [1], [7], [4], [9], [3], [5], [1]]

Cycles: R, {{4, 5}, {1, 3, 6}}, B, {{1, 2, 3, 5}}

- $\beta(\{1, 2\}) = 1/9$
- $\beta(\{1, 4\}) = 1/9$
- $\beta(\{1, 5\}) = 1/9$
- $\beta(\{2, 3\}) = 1/9$
- $\beta(\{2, 6\}) = 1/9$
- $\beta(\{3, 4\}) = 1/9$
- $\beta(\{3, 5\}) = 1/9$
- $\beta(\{4, 6\}) = 1/9$
- $\beta(\{5, 6\}) = 1/9$

Partitions

$\alpha(\{1, 3, 6\}, \{2, 4, 5\}) = 1/1$

$b_1 = \{1, 3, 6\}, b_2 = \{2, 4, 5\}$

Action of R and B on the blocks of the partitions: = [1, 2] [2, 1]  
 with invariant measure [1, 1]

N by blocks, check: true . [See partition graph.](#)

[See level-2 partition graph.](#)

Right Group	
Coloring	{2, 3, 5}
Rank	2
R,B	[3, 4, 6, 5, 4, 1], [2, 3, 5, 6, 1, 2]
$\Pi_2$	[1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1]
$u_2$	[1, 0, 1, 1, 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 1, 1] (dim 1)
wpp	[3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3]

19 . Coloring, {2, 3, 6}

$$\Omega p(\Delta)=0: \quad p = s \quad p' = s \quad p' = s^2 \quad p' = s^3$$

**R:** [3, 4, 6, 5, 1, 2]

**B:** [2, 3, 5, 6, 4, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
0 vs 4	1 vs 6	1 vs 6	1 vs 6	1 vs 6

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}} order: 6

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1]$$

$$p' = -1 + s^4 \quad p' = -1 + s \quad p' = -1 + s^3 \quad p' = -1 + s^5 \quad p' = -1 + s^2$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}} order: 6

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1]$$

$$p' = 1 - s \quad p' = -s + s^5 \quad p' = -s + s^4 \quad p' = -s + s^3 \quad p' = -s + s^2$$

See 6-level graph

	M	N
0	1 1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1 1
1	0 1 1 1 1	1 0 1 1 1
[	1 1 0 1 1	1 1 0 1 1
1	1 1 0 1 1	1 1 1 0 1
1	1 1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1 0
1	1 1 1 1 0	1 1 1 1 0

$\tau = 6, r' = 5/6$

**R:** [3, 4, 6, 5, 1, 2]  
**B:** [2, 3, 5, 6, 4, 1]

Ranges

Action of R on ranges, [[1]]  
 Action of B on ranges, [[1]]

Cycles: R, {{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}}, B, {{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}}

$\beta(\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}) = 1/1$

Partitions

$\alpha(\{\{2\}, \{1\}, \{5\}, \{6\}, \{3\}, \{4\}\}) = 1/1$

b1 = {2}, b2 = {1}, b3 = {5}, b4 = {6}, b5 = {3}, b6 = {4}

Action of R and B on the blocks of the partitions: = [4, 3, 6, 5, 2, 1] [2, 4, 5, 6, 1, 3]  
 with invariant measure [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]

N by blocks, check: true . See partition graph.

See level-6 partition graph.

Right Group	
<b>Coloring</b>	{2, 3, 6}
<b>Rank</b>	6
<b>R,B</b>	[3, 4, 6, 5, 1, 2], [2, 3, 5, 6, 4, 1]
<b><math>\Pi_2</math></b>	[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
<b><math>u_2</math></b>	[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1] (dim 1)
<b>wpp</b>	[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]



$\mathbf{u}_6$	[1]
$\mathbf{u}_6$	[1]

20 . Coloring, {2, 4, 5}

**R:** [3, 4, 5, 6, 4, 1]

**B:** [2, 3, 6, 5, 1, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	A+(1/2) $\Delta$	A-(1/2) $\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	3 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 4, 5, 6}} order: 5

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_3, 0, y_1, y_2, y_4, y_5]$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{2, 3, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_2 + y_3 - y_1, y_2 + y_3, y_2, 0, y_3, y_1]$$

$$p = -s^3 + s^4 \quad p = -s^3 + s^5$$

21 . Coloring, {2, 4, 6}

$$\Omega p(\Delta)=0: \quad p' = s^2 \quad p' = s^3 \quad p' = s \quad p = s$$

**R:** [3, 4, 5, 6, 1, 2]

**B:** [2, 3, 6, 5, 4, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	A+(1/2) $\Delta$	A-(1/2) $\Delta$	R	B
0 vs 4	1 vs 6	1 vs 6	1 vs 6	1 vs 6

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 5}, {2, 4, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1]$$

$$p' = -s^4 + s^5 \quad p' = 1 - s^4 \quad p' = s - s^4 \quad p' = s^2 - s^4 \quad p' = s^3 - s^4$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 3, 6}, {4, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1, y_1]$$

$$p' = -1 + s \quad p' = -1 + s^2 \quad p' = -1 + s^3 \quad p' = -1 + s^4 \quad p' = -1 + s^5$$

[See 6-level graph](#)

	M	N
0	1 1 1 1 1	0 1 1 1 1 1
1	0 1 1 1 1	1 0 1 1 1 1
[	1 1 0 1 1 1]	[ 1 1 0 1 1 1]
1	1 1 1 0 1 1]	1 1 1 0 1 1]
1	1 1 1 1 0 1	1 1 1 1 0 1
1	1 1 1 1 1 0	1 1 1 1 1 0

$$\tau = 6, r' = 5/6$$

$$\mathbf{R}: [3, 4, 5, 6, 1, 2]$$

$$\mathbf{B}: [2, 3, 6, 5, 4, 1]$$

Ranges

Action of R on ranges, [[1]]

Action of B on ranges, [[1]]

Cycles: R, {{1, 3, 5}, {2, 4, 6}}, B, {{1, 2, 3, 6}, {4, 5}}

$$\beta(\{1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6\}) = 1/1$$

Partitions

$$\alpha(\{\{2\}, \{1\}, \{5\}, \{6\}, \{3\}, \{4\}\}) = 1/1$$

$$b1 = \{2\}, b2 = \{1\}, b3 = \{5\}, b4 = \{6\}, b5 = \{3\}, b6 = \{4\}$$

Action of R and B on the blocks of the partitions: = [4, 3, 5, 6, 2, 1] [2, 4, 6, 5, 1, 3]  
with invariant measure [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]

N by blocks, check: true . [See partition graph.](#)

[See level-6 partition graph.](#)

Right Group	
Coloring	{2, 4, 6}
Rank	6
R,B	[3, 4, 5, 6, 1, 2], [2, 3, 6, 5, 4, 1]
$\Pi_2$	[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
$u_2$	[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1] (dim 2)
wpp	[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
$\Pi_6$	[1]
$u_6$	[1]

22 . Coloring, {2, 5, 6}

R: [3, 4, 5, 5, 4, 2]

B: [2, 3, 6, 6, 1, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	A+(1/2) $\Delta$	A-(1/2) $\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	2 vs 4	3 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{4, 5}} order: 2

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, y_1, y_1, y_2, y_2, 0]$$

$$p' = s^2 - s^3 \quad p = s^2 - s^4$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 3, 6}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1 - y_3 + y_2, y_1, y_3, 0, 0, y_2]$$

$$p = -s + s^2 - s^3 + s^4$$

23 . Coloring, {3, 4, 5}

**R:** [3, 3, 6, 6, 4, 1]

**B:** [2, 4, 5, 5, 1, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
4 vs 4	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	4 vs 4	2 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_4, 0, y_3, y_2, 0, y_1]$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 4, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, y_2, 0, y_1, y_2, 0]$$

$$p' = s - s^3 \quad p = s - s^3$$

24 . Coloring, {3, 4, 6}

**R:** [3, 3, 6, 6, 1, 2]

**B:** [2, 4, 5, 5, 4, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
4 vs 4	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	2 vs 4	3 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{2, 3, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[-y_1 + y_2, y_1, y_2, 0, 0, y_2]$$

$$p' = s^2 - s^3 \quad p = s^2 - s^4$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{4, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1 - y_2 + y_3, y_1, 0, y_2, y_3, 0]$$

$$p = -s^3 + s^4$$

25 . Coloring, {3, 5, 6}

**R:** [3, 3, 6, 5, 4, 2]

**B:** [2, 4, 5, 6, 1, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	3 vs 5	4 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{2, 3, 6}, {4, 5}} order: 6

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, -y_3 + 4y_2 - y_1, y_3, y_2, y_2, y_1]$$

$$p = -s + s^4 \quad p' = -s + s^4$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 4, 6}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1 - y_2 + y_3 + y_4, y_1, 0, y_2, y_3, y_4]$$

$$p = -s^2 + s^3 - s^4 + s^5$$

26 . Coloring, {4, 5, 6}

$$\Omega p(\Delta)=0: \quad p' = s^2 + 2s^3 \quad p = s^2 - 4s^4$$

**R:** [3, 3, 5, 6, 4, 2]

**B:** [2, 4, 6, 5, 1, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
2 vs 4	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	4 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{2, 3, 4, 5, 6}} order: 5

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, y_5, y_4, y_1, y_2, y_3]$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 4, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, y_1 + y_4 - y_3 - y_2, 0, y_4, y_3, y_2]$$

$$p = s^2 - s^3 + s^4 - s^5$$

27 . Coloring, {2, 3, 4, 5}

**R:** [3, 4, 6, 6, 4, 1]

**B:** [2, 3, 5, 5, 1, 2]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	<b>R</b>	<b>B</b>
4 vs 4	4 vs 4	4 vs 4	4 vs 4	2 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{1, 3, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1, 0, y_2, y_4, 0, y_3]$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 3, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_2, y_1, y_2, 0, y_1, 0]$$

$$p = s - s^3 \quad p' = s - s^3$$

28 . Coloring, {2, 3, 4, 6}

**R:** [3, 4, 6, 6, 1, 2]

**B:** [2, 3, 5, 5, 4, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	3 vs 5	4 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles:  $\{\{2, 4, 6\}\}$  order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[-y_1 + y_3, y_1, -y_2 + y_3, y_2, 0, y_3]$$

$$p = -s^3 + s^4 \quad p = -s^3 + s^5$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles:  $\{\{4, 5\}\}$  order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1 - y_2 - y_3 + y_4, y_1, y_2, y_3, y_4, 0]$$

$$p = s^4 - s^5$$

29 . Coloring,  $\{2, 3, 5, 6\}$

**R:** [3, 4, 6, 5, 4, 2]

**B:** [2, 3, 5, 6, 1, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	6 vs 6	6 vs 6	4 vs 5	4 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles:  $\{\{4, 5\}\}$  order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, y_4, -y_4 + y_1 - y_2 + y_3, y_1, y_2, y_3]$$

$$p = -s^4 + s^5$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles:  $\{\{1, 2, 3, 5\}\}$  order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_1 - y_3 + y_2 + y_4, y_1, y_3, 0, y_2, y_4]$$

$$p = -s^2 + s^3 - s^4 + s^5$$

30 . Coloring, {2, 4, 5, 6}

$$\Omega p(\Delta)=0: \quad p = s^2 - 4s^4 \quad p' = s^2 - 2s^3$$

**R:** [3, 4, 5, 6, 4, 2]

**B:** [2, 3, 6, 5, 1, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
2 vs 4	6 vs 6	6 vs 6	3 vs 5	4 vs 5

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{2, 4, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, y_1 - y_2, y_1 - y_3, y_1, y_2, y_3]$$

$$p' = -s^3 + s^4 \quad p = s^3 - s^4$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 3, 6}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_2, y_3, y_1, 0, y_2 - y_3 + y_1 - y_4, y_4]$$

$$p = -s^2 + s^3 - s^4 + s^5$$

31 . Coloring, {3, 4, 5, 6}

$$\Omega p(\Delta)=0: \quad p = s^2 + 4s^4$$

**R:** [3, 3, 6, 6, 4, 2]

**B:** [2, 4, 5, 5, 1, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
3 vs 4	4 vs 4	4 vs 4	4 vs 4	3 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{2, 3, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)



$$[0, y_1, y_2, y_3, 0, y_4]$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 4, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_2, y_2 + y_1 - y_3, 0, y_1, y_3, 0]$$

$$p = -s + s^2 - s^3 + s^4$$

32 . Coloring, {2, 3, 4, 5, 6}

R: [3, 4, 6, 6, 4, 2]

B: [2, 3, 5, 5, 1, 1]

[See graph](#)

[See pair graph](#)

$\Delta$ -Rank	$A+(1/2)\Delta$	$A-(1/2)\Delta$	R	B
4 vs 4	5 vs 5	5 vs 5	4 vs 4	3 vs 4

Omega Rank for R : cycles: {{2, 4, 6}} order: 3

[See Matrix](#)

$$[0, y_4, y_3, y_2, 0, y_1]$$

Omega Rank for B : cycles: {{1, 2, 3, 5}} order: 4

[See Matrix](#)

$$[y_3, y_1, y_2, 0, y_3 - y_1 + y_2, 0]$$

$$p = -s + s^2 - s^3 + s^4$$

SUMMARY	
Graph Type	CC
$\nu(A)$	2
$\nu(\Delta)$	2
$\pi$	[1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]

<b>Dbly Stoch</b>	true
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<b>SANDWICH</b>		Total 2
<b>No .</b>	<b>Coloring</b>	<b>Rank</b>
1	{}	3
2	{2}	3

<b>RT GROUPS</b>		Total 3	
<b>No .</b>	<b>Coloring</b>	<b>Rank</b>	<b>Solv</b>
1	{2, 3, 5}	2	Not Solvable
2	{2, 4, 6}	6	["group", Not Solvable]
3	{2, 3, 6}	6	["group", Not Solvable]

<b>CC Colorings</b>		Total 1
<b>No .</b>	<b>Coloring</b>	<b>Sandwich,Rank</b>
1	{}	true, 3

<b>Δ-RANK'D</b>	<b>SC'D !RK'D</b>	<b>τ-RANK'D</b>	<b>R/B RANK'D</b>	<b>NOT SYNC'D</b>	<b>Total Runs</b>	<b>2<sup>n-1</sup></b>
22	0	24 , 27	7 , 6	5	32	32

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